



**EXERCISE 9.1:** Write a formula for the finite-length sinusoidal signal of Fig. 9-3(b) using a unit-step notation similar to (9.6) to indicate its finite duration.



The period is 0.5 sec. Amplitude is 10.

Phase is  $-\pi/2$  because the waveform is a sine.

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} = \frac{1}{0.5} = 2 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow \omega_0 = 2\pi f_0 = 4\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

Duration is 3 sec, from  $t=0$  to  $t=3$ .

$$x(t) = 10 \sin(4\pi t) [u(t) - u(t-3)]$$

$$\text{or } x(t) = 10 \cos(4\pi t - \pi/2) [u(t) - u(t-3)]$$