



## PROBLEM:

Solve the following equation for  $\theta$ :

$$\Im\{(-1 + j)e^{j\theta}\} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Give the answers in radians. Make sure that you find *all* possible answers.

McClellan, Schafer and Yoder, *Signal Processing First*, ISBN 0-13-065562-7.  
Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458. © 2003 Pearson Education, Inc.

**SOLUTION**



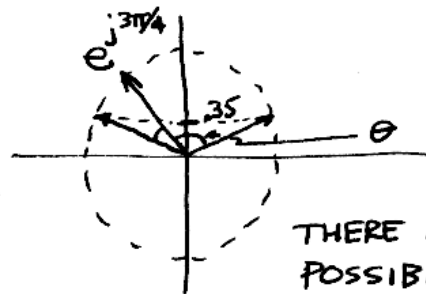
$$\text{Im} \{ \underbrace{(-1+j)}_{\sqrt{2}e^{j3\pi/4}} e^{j\theta} \} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Im} \{ \sqrt{2} e^{j(3\pi/4 + \theta)} \} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \text{Im} \{ e^{j(3\pi/4 + \theta)} \} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

"  $\approx 0.35$

From the geometrical picture there are 2 answers:

$$3\pi/4 + \theta = \begin{cases} 0.115\pi = 20.7^\circ \\ 0.885\pi \end{cases}$$



THERE ARE TWO POSSIBLE ANSWERS

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \begin{cases} -0.635\pi \\ 0.135\pi \end{cases}$$