



## PROBLEM:

Factor the following polynomial and plot its roots in the complex plane.

$$P(z) = 1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2} + z^{-3}$$

Note the symmetry of the coefficients. In MATLAB see the functions called `roots` and `zplane`.

McClellan, Schafer and Yoder, *Signal Processing First*, ISBN 0-13-065562-7.  
Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458. © 2003 Pearson Education, Inc.

**SOLUTION**



$$P(z) = 1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2} + z^{-3}$$

NOTE  $P(-1) = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow$  ROOT @  $z = -1$

$$\Rightarrow P(z) = (1 + z^{-1}) \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + z^{-2} \right)$$

USE QUADRATIC FORMULA  
ON THIS PART

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} - 4}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \pm j \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}$$

MAG OF THESE ROOTS  
IS EXACTLY ONE.

