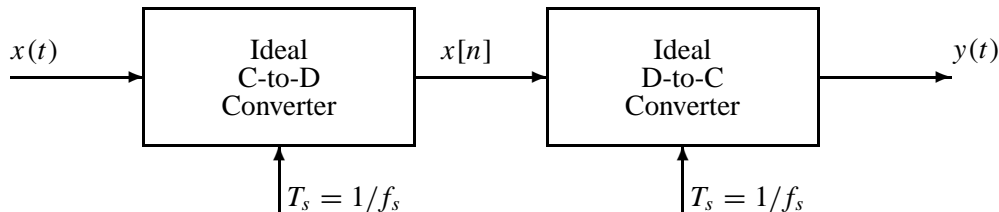




PROBLEM:

Consider the following system.



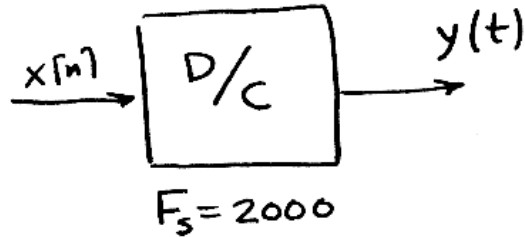
Suppose that the output of the C-to-D converter is

$$x[n] = 5 + 8 \cos(0.4\pi n) + 4 \cos(0.8\pi n + \pi/3)$$

when the sampling rate is $f_s = 1/T_s = 2000$ samples/second. Determine the output $y(t)$ of the ideal D-to-C converter.



$$x[n] = 5 + 8 \cos(0.4\pi n) + 4 \cos(0.8\pi n + \pi/3)$$



For discrete to continuous, we replace "n" with $F_s t$

$$y(t) = x[n] \Big|_{n=F_s t}$$

$$= 5 + 8 \cos(0.4\pi(2000)t) + 4 \cos(0.8\pi(2000)t + \pi/3)$$

$$= 5 + 8 \cos(2\pi(400)t) + 4 \cos(2\pi(800)t + \pi/3)$$