PROBLEM:

Determine the z-transforms of the following. Express your answer as the ratio of polynomials in z^{-1} .

- (a) $x_a[n] = 2(0.8)^n u[n]$.
- (b) $x_b[n] = 4(\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] 2(\frac{1}{4})^{n-1} u[n-1].$
- (c) $x_h[n] = \delta[n] + u[n-1]$.

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$$X_{\alpha}[n] = 2(0.8)^{n} u[n], \text{ find } X_{\alpha}(z)$$

$$b_{\alpha}(\alpha_{n}) \longrightarrow \frac{b_{\alpha}}{1-a_{\alpha}z^{-1}} \text{ from table}$$

$$b_{\alpha} = 2$$

$$a_{\alpha} = 0.8 \qquad X_{\alpha}(z) = \frac{2}{1-0.8z^{-1}}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(b)} & \text{(b)} & \text{(b)} & \text{(b)} & \text{(c)} & \text{(c$$

$$2(\frac{1}{4})^{n}uEn) \rightarrow \frac{2}{1-0.25Z^{-1}}, \quad \chi(n-1) \longrightarrow Z^{-1}\chi(z) = \frac{2z^{-1}}{1-0.25Z^{-1}}$$

C)
$$X_{b}[n] = S[n] + U[n-1], find $X_{b}(z)$
 $S[n] \longrightarrow 1, \quad U[n] \longrightarrow \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}, \quad U[n-1] \longrightarrow \frac{z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}}$
 $X_{b}(z) = 1 + \frac{z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}} = \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}$
(note, $X_{b}(z)$ corresponds to $X_{b}[n] = U[n],$
but $S[n] + U[n-1] = U[n]$$$