

## **PROBLEM:**

Determine the z-transforms of the following. Express your answer as the ratio of polynomials in  $z^{-1}$  by placing all terms over a common denominator.

(a) 
$$x_a[n] = \delta[n] - (-0.8)^n u[n].$$
  
(b)  $x_b[n] = 2(\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] + 2(-\frac{1}{2})^n u[n].$   
(c)  $x_b[n] = \delta[n - 1] + u[n].$ 

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(a) 
$$x_{\alpha}(n) = \delta(n) - (-0.8)^{n} u(n)$$
  
 $\alpha^{n} u(n) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}}$  if  $|z| > |\alpha| \qquad \delta(n) \longleftrightarrow 1$   
 $X_{\alpha}(z) = 1 - \frac{1}{1 - (-0.8)z^{-1}} = 1 - \frac{1}{1 + 0.8z^{-1}} = \frac{0.8z^{-1}}{1 + 0.8z^{-1}}$  (|z|>0.8)

(b) 
$$X_{b}(n) = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}u(n) + 2\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}u(n)$$

$$X_{b}(z) = 2 \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + 2 \frac{1}{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})z^{-1}} \quad (|z| > \frac{1}{2})$$

$$= \frac{2}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} = 2 \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + 1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})} =$$

$$= \frac{4}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-2}}$$

(c) 
$$x_b(n) = \delta(n-1) + u(n)$$
  
if  $x(n) \leftrightarrow X(z) \Rightarrow x(n-1) \leftrightarrow z^{-1} X(z)$   
 $\delta(n) \leftrightarrow 1 \Rightarrow \delta(n-1) \leftrightarrow z^{-1} \cdot 1 = z^{-1}$   
 $u(n) ? \qquad U(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} u(n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{-n} = \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}$  if  $|z| > 1$   
 $X_b(z) = z^{-1} + \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}} = \frac{z^{-1}(1-z^{-1}) + 1}{1-z^{-1}} = \frac{1+z^{-1}-z^{-2}}{1-z^{-1}}$ 

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