



## PROBLEM:

A *unit impulse sequence* is defined as

$$\delta[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & n = 0 \\ 0 & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

Suppose that a LTI system has a  $z$ -transform system function equal to

$$\mathcal{H}(z) = 1 - z^{-1} - z^{-3} + z^{-4}$$

- (a) Determine the difference equation that relates the output  $y[n]$  of the system to the input  $x[n]$ .
- (b) Determine and plot the *impulse response*: i.e., the output sequence  $y[n]$  when the input is  $x[n] = \delta[n]$ . How is the output due to an impulse related to  $\mathcal{H}(z)$ ?
- (c) Determine the output of the system when the input is a shifted and scaled impulse:

$$x[n] = 7\delta[n - 3]$$

- (d) Determine the step response, i.e., the output when the input is

$$u[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } n \geq 0 \\ 0 & n < 0 \end{cases}$$



(a)  $H(z) = \sum_{k=0}^M b_k z^{-k} = 1 - z^{-1} - z^{-3} + z^{-4}$

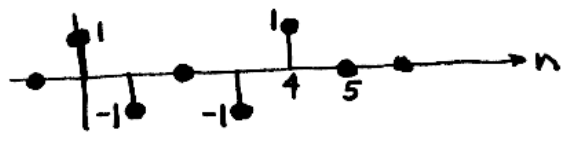
⇒ Filter coeffs are:  $b_0=1, b_1=-1, b_2=0, b_3=-1, b_4=1$

Difference Eqn:

$y[n] = x[n] - x[n-1] - x[n-3] + x[n-4]$

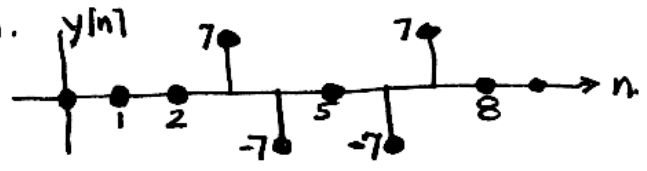
(b) Impulse Response will "read out" the filter coeffs.

$h[n] = \delta[n] - \delta[n-1] - \delta[n-3] + \delta[n-4]$



(c) Use Linearity & Time Invariance Properties.

$x[n] = 7\delta[n-3] \Rightarrow$  output is  $7h[n]$ , but then shifted by 3.  
 $\hookrightarrow y[n] = 7h[n-3]$



(d) INPUT =  $u[n]$ .

MAKE A TABLE

n	<0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	.....
$x[n]$	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....
$y[n]$	0	1	0	0	-1	0	0	0	.....

$y[2] = x[2] - x[1] - x[-1] + x[-2] = 1 - 1 - 0 + 0 = 0$

$y[3] = x[3] - x[2] - x[0] + x[-1] = 1 - 1 - 1 + 0 = -1$

